

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/734,029	12/11/2003	Haewon Uhm	FDN-2821	8739	
7590 05/17/2007 Attn: William J. Davis, Esq.			EXAMINER		
GAF MATERIALS CORPORATION Legal Department, Building No. 10 1361 Alps Road			CORDRAY, DENNIS R		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Wayne, NJ 074			1731		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
•			05/17/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action					
Before	the	Filing	of an	Appeal	Brief

ê . Sa

Application No.	Applicant(s)	,
10/734,029	UHM ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Dennis Cordray	1731	

		Defining Condiay	1731	
The MAIL	ING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence add	lress
THE REPLY FILED O	8 May 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION FOR AL	LOWANCE.	
this application, places the appli a Request for C time periods:	led after a final rejection, but prior to or on applicant must timely file one of the follow cation in condition for allowance; (2) a No continued Examination (RCE) in compliance	wing replies: (1) an amendment, aft otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in ce with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply m	fidavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
a) 🔯 The period fo	or reply expires $\underline{4}$ months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.		
no event, how	or reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A wever, will the statutory period for reply expire I	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailin	ig date of the final reject	ion.
TWO MONTI	te: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or HS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7 be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date	06.07(f).		
have been filed is the da under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is set forth in (b) above, if (ate for purposes of determining the period of ex- calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the schecked. Any reply received by the Office late patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig r than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The appropr pinally set in the final Off	iate extension fee ice action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of A filing the Notice a Notice of App	ppeal was filed on A brief in comp of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exte eal has been filed, any reply must be filed	ension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	o avoid dismissal of th	
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>				
(a) They raise	amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, e new issues that would require further co	nsideration and/or search (see NO		ecause
	e the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo not deemed to place the application in be ind/or		educing or simplifying	the issues for
	sent additional claims without canceling a (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	jected claims.	
	nts are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		ompliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).
	ly has overcome the following rejection(s)			(
= ''	ed or amended claim(s) would be a	·	timely filed amendme	ent canceling the
7. For purposes of how the new or The status of the	f appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) amended claims would be rejected is pro e claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		ill be entered and an	explanation of
Claim(s) allower Claim(s) rejecte				
	awn from consideration:			
<u>AFFIDAVIT OR OTH</u>				
because applica	other evidence filed after a final action, buant failed to provide a showing of good an presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).			
entered becaus	other evidence filed after the date of filing e the affidavit or other evidence failed to did and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe	al and/or appellant fa	ils to provide a
	r other evidence is entered. An explanation	•		
REQUEST FOR REC	ONSIDERATION/OTHER			
See Continuat			in condition for allowa	nce because:
12. ☐ Note the attach13. ☐ Other:	hed Information Disclosure Statement(s).	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
•				

Continuation of 11. Applicant's arguments filed 5/8/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that none of the cited prior art explicitly teaches drying the glass fibers as they move on a conveyor. Applicant also argues that Jaffee teaches transferring a mat to a second moving screen and that, if the mat were already moving, it would not then be transferred to a moving screen. Applicant further argues that, when suction boxes are used, the mat needs to be held over the suction box for a period of time for it to dry. Applicant discusses a prior art method (not necessarily the only prior art method) of drying wherein the glass fibers are allowed to dry for a few days before being binded into webs.

Regarding drying the mat on a moving screen, the office action stated that "while Jaffee does not explicitly state that thewet web is dewatered on the moving screen, the process is inherent, or at least would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, from the descriptions and diagrams of the formers." Jaffee discloses that the wet mat is dewatered to the desired level with a suction box (dewatering is a drying process, thus the mat is dried to some extent on the suction box). The wet nonwovwen layer of fiber (note that the instant claims do not recite to what degree the mat is dried before being contacted with a binder) is preferably, but not necessarily, transferred to a second moving screen where the binder is applied (col 4, lines 16-22). Jaffee thus discloses two embodiments; 1) a second moving screen can be used for binder application, thus implicitly disclosing that the mat is transferred from a first moving screen or 2) that the binder can be applied without transferring to a second moving screen. Since the binder is applied on a moving screen, the second embodiment implicitly discloses that the forming, dewatering by suction box and application of binder are conducted on a single moving screen. One of ordinary skill in the art would find it obvious from the disclosure of Jaffee that the suction dewatering (a drying process) of the mat is conducted on a moving screen, regardless of the embodiment selected.

In addition, at least one of the detailed schematics and descriptions sent with the last Office Action, that for the Deltaformer™, states "Machine speeds up to 600 m/min" and "a vacuum forming box with multiple compartments", and shows a schematic diagram having a vacuum forming box (also a drying process) located under the continuous moving forming wire, clearly indicating that drying occurs while the collected fibers travel on the continuous moving wire.

It has also been held in the courts that making a batch operation continuous would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. In re Dilnot, 319 F.2d 188, 138 USPQ 248 (CCPA 1963) (Claim directed to a method of producing a cementitious structure wherein a stable air foam is introduced into a slurry of cementitious material differed from the prior art only in requiring the addition of the foam to be continuous. The court held the claimed continuous operation would have been obvious in light of the batch process of the prior art.).

The Examiner contends that Jaffee implicitly teaches a mat drying process performed on a moving screen prior to application of a binder or, at least, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to dry the mat on a moving screen from the disclosure of Jaffee and the knowledge generally available.

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700

The rejections are maintained.

_